

Jewish Literacy Programme

Year 5 ~ Week 21

school logo here

This week's סדרה:

English Translation	Chumash Words / Phrases
I / I love peace	אֲנִי \ אֲנִי אוֹהֵב שָׁלוֹם
you (masc., pl.) / you are eating a meal	אַתֶּם \ אַתֶּם אוֹכְלִים סְעוּדָה
he / he learns Torah all the time	הוא \ הוא לומד תורה תמיד
she / she also learns Torah all the time	היא \ היא גם לומדת תורה תמיד
we / we are a big family	אֲנַחְנוּ \ אֲנַחְנוּ מְשַׁפְּחָה גְדוֹלָה
they (masc.) / they went to guard the border	הֵם \ הֵם הָלְכוּ לִשְׁמֹר אֶת הַגְּבוּל

Explanation

Jewish Communal Organisations (1)

G.K. Words

The London Beis Din is also known as the Court of the Chief Rabbi. It is consulted by Rabbis and many other individuals both in England and abroad, as well as by other בְּנֵי דָן throughout Europe. **The Beis Din deals with a vast range of questions on all areas of הלכה** (Jewish Law). The בֵּית דִּין is responsible for דִּינֵי תוֹרָה (court cases), בְּרִית מִילָה, שְׂחִיטָה, פְּשָׁרֹת, publishing Shabbos times, orthodox conversion, adoption and many other areas. People contact the Rabbis on the Beis Din all the time with many שְׁאֵלוֹת (questions) relating to personal or communal issues of הלכה.

The Kashrus Division:

The largest single department of the London Beis Din is the Kashrus Division, which licenses over 100 caterers, bakeries, restaurants, food manufacturers, delis and shops, supervises about 3000 catered events per year, and certifies almost 700 factories worldwide.

The Kashrus Division produces "The Really Jewish Food Guide" listing several thousand products that have been approved by the Beis Din on the basis of research by its Food Technologists into ingredients and various types of equipment.

The London Beis Din

www.unitedsynagogue.org.uk/lbd



Dayan Chanoch Ehrentreu
supervising wine production in
Gibraltar

London Beis Din Kashrus Division

www.kosher.org.uk/

The 'London Committee of Deputies of British Jews,' which is now known as the **Board of Deputies of British Jews**, was established in 1760. When Moses Montefiore was President of the Board (from 1835 to 1874) it came to be recognised as the representative body of British Jewry and its name became known overseas.

There are currently around 300 Deputies. They have regular meetings, in which many communal issues and needs are discussed and decisions are made.

Examples of the Board's work include: **combatting anti-semitism, protection of Shechita, work in Jewish Education, Press Information and Jewish Emergency Aid.**

The Board of Deputies of British Jews

www.bod.org.uk/

In 1866, the then Chief Rabbi Nathan Marcus Adler invited the Honorary Officers of three London synagogues to eat in his Sukkoh on the first day of Sukkos, and suggested to them that there were advantages in forming a closer union. Eventually, after much discussion, on the 14th July 1870, the Royal Assent was given to an Act of Parliament entitled "**The Jewish United Synagogues Act**" which brought the union into being.

Today, many synagogues, schools, the London Beis Din and other communal organisations and programmes come under the United Synagogue.

www.unitedsynagogue.org.uk/

The United Synagogue



Chief
Rabbi
Nathan
Marcus
Adler

The CST ensures the safety and security of the Jewish community in Britain.

The CST is the Jewish community's only defence organisation. It has about 3000 volunteers throughout the country who have been trained by the CST and the Police, so that they can provide the highest level of security for the Jewish community.

The Community Security Trust

www.thecst.org.uk/

