me:	רמ"ד

Week 11 Side 1

Na



Jewish Literacy Programme Year 4 ~ Week 11

This week's סְדְרָה:

Write each Hebrew word into script

English Translation	שוּמָשׁ Words	English Translation	עוּמְשׁ Words
(and) he got up	וַיָּקָם	(and) they encamped	<u>וֹהַּל</u> ונוּ
(and) he stood	<u>ויּעֲמוֹד</u>	plague	ڕڕ۪
(and) they travelled	<u>וי</u> ִּסְעוּ	sacrifice	נָבַח

English Translation / Explanation G.K. Words

אַבְּע (1) Write each Hebrew word into script

קַידוּשׁ

It is a מַּצְנָה to make שַׁבָּת to make שַׁבָּת at the beginning of both יוֹם טוֹב and יוֹם טוֹב. The main שַׁבָּת is Friday night but we also make שַׁבָּת or הָּיִדוּשׁ morning, after חַלָּה is kept covered during שַׁבָּת. Three reasons are given for this:

- 1. the honour of Shabbat requires that food should not be present until after kiddush has been made;*
- 2. the challah is like the y, which was covered above and below with dew;*
- 3. the challah should not be 'embarrassed' at 'seeing' the kiddush being made on wine, since kiddush could also be made on the challah, itself.**

 **תוספות פסחים ק: דה' שאין), quoted by Tur, O.H.271)

יהבְּדָלָה is like the opposite of קּידוּשׁ, marking the end of הַבְּדָלָה is like the opposite of קּידוּשׁ, marking the end of הַבְּדָלָה is like the opposite of קידוּשׁ, marking the end of new week. We make havdalah once Shabbat has ended and three medium-sized stars are visible in the dark, night sky.

For this mitzvah we use wine - יֵי, spices - בְּשָׁמִים , and a candle - י. .

We say a brachah on each of these, and conclude with the havdalah berachah, which praises Hashem for separating between הולל and לקדָשׁ and לידָשׁ הולל say a brachah, which praises Hashem for separating between הולל say and a fire.

The flame reminds us of the first fire, which was made after the first Shabbat, and separates from Shabbat when it was forbidden to light a fire.

הַבְדָלָה

The candle must have more than one wick, because (a) the berachah is in the plural, בּוֹרֵא מְאוֹרֵי הָאֵשׁ, and (b) to symbolize the different colours in fire.

We must have two loaves of bread at each meal on שַׁבָּת. This reminds us of the two portions of טָלָ that Hashem provided on עֶרֶב because we were not allowed to go collecting it on שַׁבָּת itself.

לֶחֶם מִשְׁנֶה

We are required to have three meals on שַׁבָּע. At each meal we should tell דְּבְרִי תּוֹרָה, eat special Shabbat food and sing zemirot. ישָׁלוֹשׁ סְעוּדוֹת \

סְעוּדָה שְׁלִישִׁית

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