



## Jewish Literacy Programme

### Year 6 Special Study Pack Assessment Paper 2

#### Part 1: Overview of Sefer Bereishit and Sefer Shemot

1. List five main storylines in Sefer Bereishit.

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2. List six main storylines in Sefer Shemot.

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#### Part 2: Why does Sefer Bereishit contain stories about our forefathers rather than laws?

1. Explain the term, “Ma’asei Avot siman lebanim” (מעשי אבות סימן לבנים)

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2. Explain the term, “Derech Eretz kadmah leTorah” (דרך ארץ קדמה לתורה)

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3. Using both of these terms, explain why ה' might have wanted to fill the first book of the Torah, Bereishit, with stories of our ancestors rather than with laws.

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### Part 3: Avraham

Insert the missing words:

We call Avraham, “Avraham \_\_\_\_\_,” “Avraham, our father.”

Avraham is best known for his middah of \_\_\_\_\_, kindness.

Avraham discovered Hashem: he

looked at the world and decided there must be a Cr\_\_\_\_\_r .

Avraham converted \_\_\_\_\_ to belief in one Gd,

Hashem, and Sarah converted \_\_\_\_\_.

Hashem chose Avraham as the first \_\_\_\_\_ and the father of the Jewish nation.

Hashem tested Avraham \_\_\_\_\_ times.

The A\_\_\_\_\_ was the greatest test of Avraham’s \_\_\_\_\_ in Hashem.

He had \_\_\_\_\_ all around his tent in order to welcome guests from all directions.

Yishmael was born to H\_\_\_\_\_, Yitzchak was born to S\_\_\_\_\_.

Avraham bought Me’orat Hamachpeilah from \_\_\_\_\_, to bury Sarah.

Avraham is the example of “say \_\_\_\_\_, but do \_\_\_\_\_;”

Efron is the example of “say (or, promise) \_\_\_\_\_, but do \_\_\_\_\_.”

Avraham rescued \_\_\_\_\_ and his family from Sedom.

At first, he challenged Hashem not to destroy Sedom if some good people could be found there.

*Note that the difference between Noach and Avraham was that Noach ‘walked \_\_\_\_\_ Hashem,’ but Avraham ‘walked \_\_\_\_\_ Hashem.’ Noach did what Hashem required of him, while Avraham went beyond what was strictly required of him, even to the point of ‘arguing’ with Hashem, and trying to get Him to ‘change His mind.’*

### Part 4: Moshe

Insert the missing words:

We know Moshe as, ‘Moshe \_\_\_\_\_,’ ‘Moshe, our teacher.’

He was the greatest \_\_\_\_\_, prophet: Moshe was the closest person to Hashem, speaking to Him ‘\_\_\_\_\_ to \_\_\_\_\_.’

A great \_\_\_\_\_, he led the Jewish People out of Egypt;

A great \_\_\_\_\_, he taught the Torah to the whole nation;

A great \_\_\_\_\_, he sat judging the people from morning until night;

The Torah also tells us that he was “Anav mikol adam,” “more m\_\_\_\_\_ / h\_\_\_\_\_ than any man / person.”

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