T"DD

DISCUSS AT THE SHABBOS TABLE!

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Parashah Sheet



| My Name: | Class: |
|---|--------|
| Calendar notes for שַׁבָּת and next week: | |

Summary of the אֲלִיוֹת, by אֲלִיוֹת, by

ה' בּבֵּי יִשְׂרָאֵל who were being enslaved by בְּנִי יִשְׂרָאֵל who were being enslaved by מִצְרִיִם and He had remembered His מִצְרִיִם - covenant. Then מֹצְרִיִם the four expressions of redemption with which He was going to free בְּנִי יִשְׂרָאֵל:

י הוצאתי - I shall **take you out** [from slavery]; יְהָצֵּאָתִי - I shall **rescue you** [from Egypt]; יְנָאַלְתִּי - I shall **redeem you** [by splitting the יְלָקַחְתִּי; ; יָם סוּף - I shall **take you as My people**.

The תּוְרָה informs us of the heads of the families of בְּנֵי יִשְּׂרָאֵל. We are only told about the wives of these leaders in three cases: אַבְּרִי, יוֹכֶבֶּד married אַבְּיִאָב married אַבְּיִאָב married אַבְּיִאָב and אָבְיִיאָר (the son of אַבְּרִין) married a daughter of פְּּוֹטִיאֵל who was descended from both פְּוֹטִיאַל . The תּוְרָה wants us to know that in all three cases the children of these leaders descended not only from great fathers but also from great mothers. (For more information see The Stone Chumash, Artscroll publ., pp.322-323)

שמות ז, לי) "וַיֹּאמֶר משֶׁה לְפְנֵי ה' הֵן אֲנִי עֲרָל שְּׁפָתַיִּם וְאֵיךְ יִשְׁמֵע אֵלֵי פַּרְעְה" (שמות ז, לי) "וַיֹּאמֶר משֶׁה לְפְנֵי ה' הֵן אֲנִי עֲרָל שְׂפָתַיִם וְאֵיךְ יִשְׁמֵע אֵלֵי פַּרְעְה" (שמות ז, לי) "וַיֹּאמֶר משֶׁה לְפְנֵי ה' הֵן אֲנִי עֲרָל שְּׁפָתַיִם וְאֵיךְ יִשְׁמֵע אֵלֵי פַּרְעְה" (שמות ז, לי) "וֹיִּאמֶר משֶׁה that he would now become a master over מְּהַר and that his brother, פְּרֵעה would speak to פַּרְעֹה for him. ה' said that פַּרְעֹה was going to refuse to release בְּנֵי would punish מִצְרִים מוּעְבִיים מוּשְׁרָאֵל מֵאֶרֶץ מִצְרִים בְּשְׁפָּטִים נְּדֹלִים" (שמות ז, די) אַרְאֵל מֵאֶרֶץ מִצְרִים בְּשְׁפָּטִים נְּדֹלִים" (שמות ז, די) was 80 years old and אַהַרֹן was 83 when they spoke to פַּרְעֹה

סַבֶּר שְׁמוֹת

שְמוֹת נְאֵלָא בּא יִתְרוֹ מִשְׁפָּטִים תְּצֵנֶּה תִּצֵנֶּה תַּצְנָּה תַּקְהֵל תַּקְהֵל

הירן אַהָרן משָה and אַהָרן that when פַּרְעה should ask for a sign אָהָרן should throw down his staff which would become a snake. When פַּרְעה did this פַּרְעה 's magicians were able to do the same, but אַהַרן 's swallowed theirs. אַהַרן did not listen to them, just as 'n had said. 'n told מֹשֶׁה that he and פַּרְעה should go and tell פַּרְעה from the other side of the river that they are turning the Nile into blood, דָּס punish him. אַהַרן was to hold his staff and stretch out his hand over the waters of מִצְרֵיִם. He did this and also struck the waters with his staff and they turned into blood. The fish died and the water became undrinkable for the Egyptians. The magicians did the same. פַּרְעֹה and said.

Seven days later Hashem told פַּרְעֹה and אַהֲרֹן to warn פַּרְעֹה of the frogs, אָבֶּרְדָּעָ, Again it was אַהֲרֹן who stretched out his hand with his staff over the waters, this time to bring the frogs. Although the magicians were again able to copy the plague and bring up frogs, פַּרְעֹה this time begged אַהֲרֹן and אַהֲרֹן to get rid of the מַנָּה.

מְּיֶה cried out to Hashem because of the frogs, and ה' caused them to die. The frogs were piled up into heaps and the land stank. Again, פַּרְעֹה did not listen to מְּיָה and אָהָרֹן, just as ה' had said. The next plague was the lice, אָהָרֹן, also brought about by אַהַרֹן. This time he had to strike the dust of the land. The magicians could not copy this. They said to פַּרְעֹה to warn מְּכָּה to warn מָרָה, wild beasts, אַלְקִים, wild beasts, אַרָּב ע אָלִקִים.

ה' agreed to let בְּנֵי יִשְׂרָאֵל go into the desert to bring offerings, וַבַּחִים, to 'ה, sent the wild beasts. בְּנִי יִשְׂרָאֵל, to 'ה, but when the wild beasts had gone he did not let the בֵּנֵי יִשְׂרָאֵל go. The next plague was בָּנֵי יִשְׂרָאֵל which killed the Egyptian livestock (animals). No Jewish livestock died. and אַהֵּרֹן brought the next plague by throwing handfuls of furnace soot into the air. It became boils, which erupted into blisters, on both man and beast throughout Egypt. Again, פַרָעה did not listen, as in had said. Next, פַּבָּל was instructed by ה' to stretch out his hand toward שַׁמַיִם to bring the ha<mark>t</mark>l, שָּבִיעִי to bring the ha This was hail which contained fire flaming inside it. It struck everywhere, people, animals. It struck the grass in the field and smashed every tree. Only in אֵרץ גֹשׁן, where בּנֵי יִשִּׂרָאֵל lived, there was no hail. מֹשֵׁה went out from פַּרְעֹה, from the city and stretched out his hands to Hashem. The rain, hail and thunder ceased and rain did not reach the earth. (שמות ט, כ״ה) וַיַּחַזַּק לָב פַּרְעֹה וְלֹא שִׁלַּח אֶת־בְּנֵי יִשְׂרָאֵל כַּאֲשֶׁר דִּבֶּר ה' בְּיַד־מֹשֱהּ משה had spoken through בָּנִי יִשְׂרָאֵל; s heart became strong and he did not send out בָּנִי יִשְׁרָאֵל, as ה' had spoken through Pirkei Avos - Chapter: 4 Mishnah 24 פרקי אבות ד: כ"ד Shmuel HaKoton says: "When your enemy falls do שָׁמוֹאֱלֹ הַקַּטָן אוֹמֶר, (משלי כד) בַּנָפּל אוֹיְבִידְ אל not be glad and when he stumbles do not let your תִשְּׁמַח וּבְּבָשְׁלוֹ אֵל יָגַל לְבָּדְ, פֵּן יָרְאָה ה' וָרֵע בְּעֵינַיו heart be joyful, in case Hashem should see and turn his anger from him to you." Jeremy Richards 5781 / 2021 ~ IN MEMORY OF AND לעילוי נשמות HIS DEAR PARENTS ע"ה